



Lifting the lid on resource drill hole data after mining

Matthew Grant





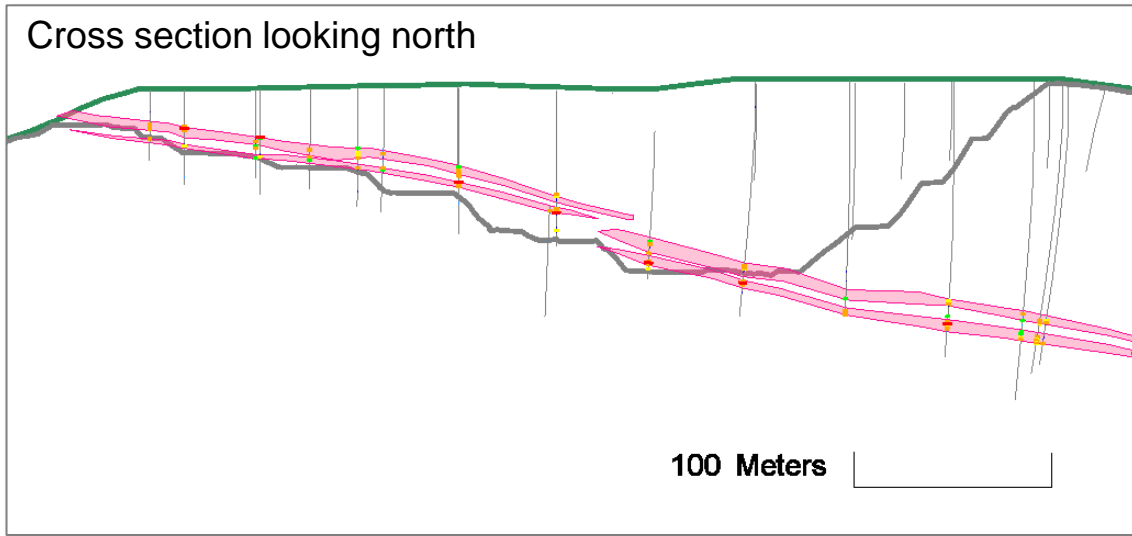
*Paper originally presented at:
AusIMM Mineral Resource Estimation Conference 2023
Perth, Australia
24 - 25 May 2023*

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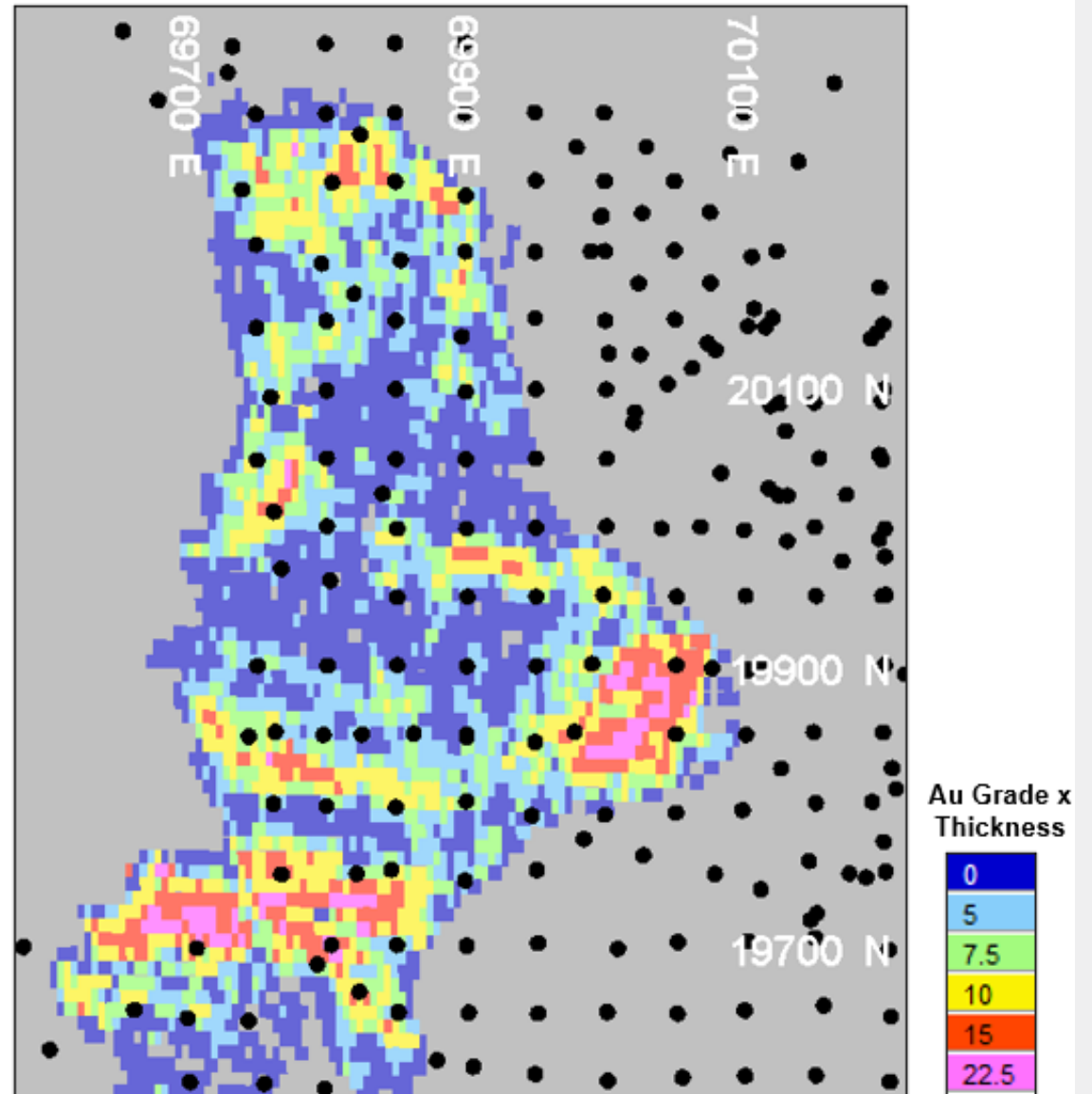
CONTENTS

- Coronation experience
- Case Study – Globe Progress

Coronation Open Pit



- Resource Drilling (RD): 50x50m
- After 2 years mining, realised 30% more gold than resource estimate.
- Pre-mining RD locations vs Post-mining GC.
- RD under-represented high-grade shoots



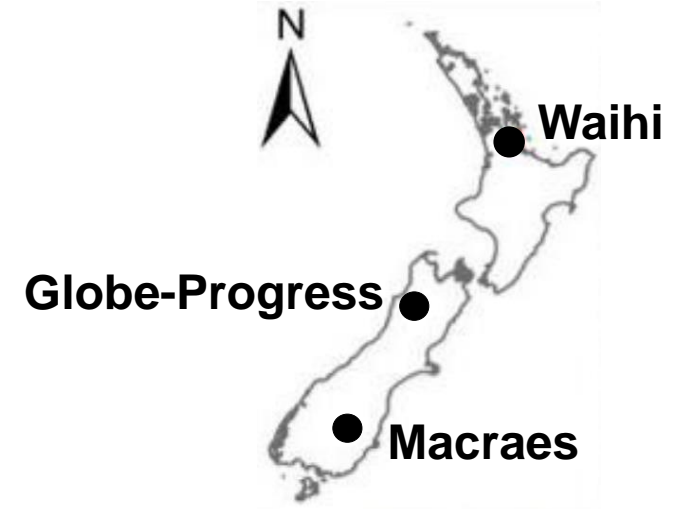
Drill hole locations and contained-gold contours from grade control.



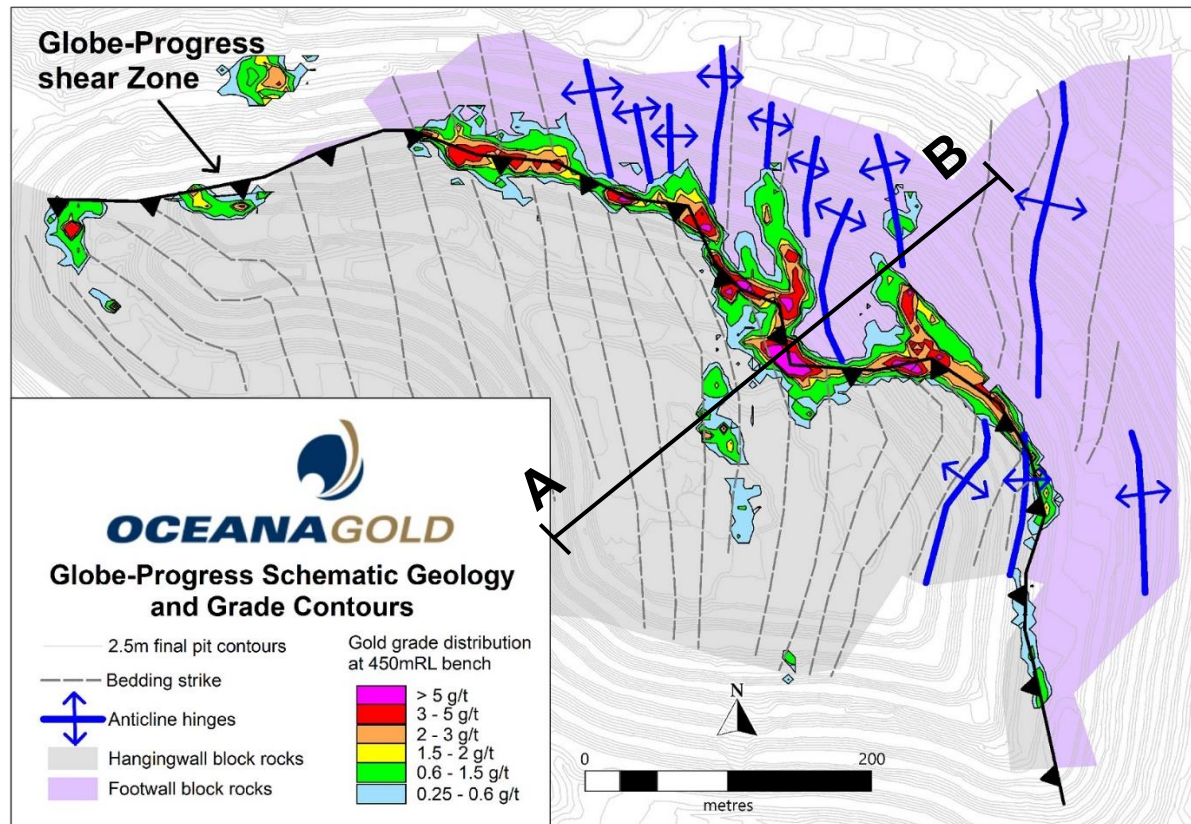
CASE STUDY

Globe Progress Mine

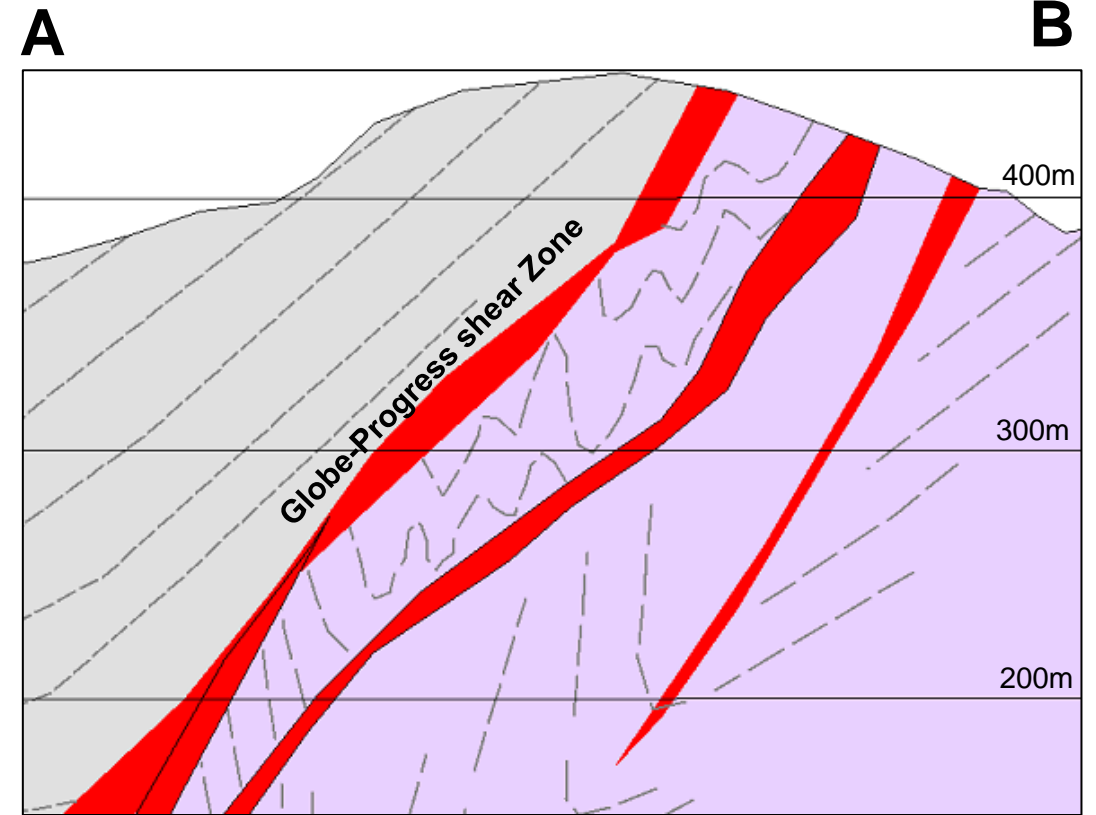
- 1876 to 1920; 1.1 Mt at 12 g/t Au for **410 koz** gold mined from high-grade quartz reefs (\pm stibnite and arsenopyrite).
- 2006 to 2014; OceanaGold mined 11 Mt @ 1.8 g/t Au for **646 koz** of gold from a halo enveloping the historically mined reefs.
- Transition to closure and rehabilitation from 2016 as Reefton Restoration Project



Globe Progress Geology

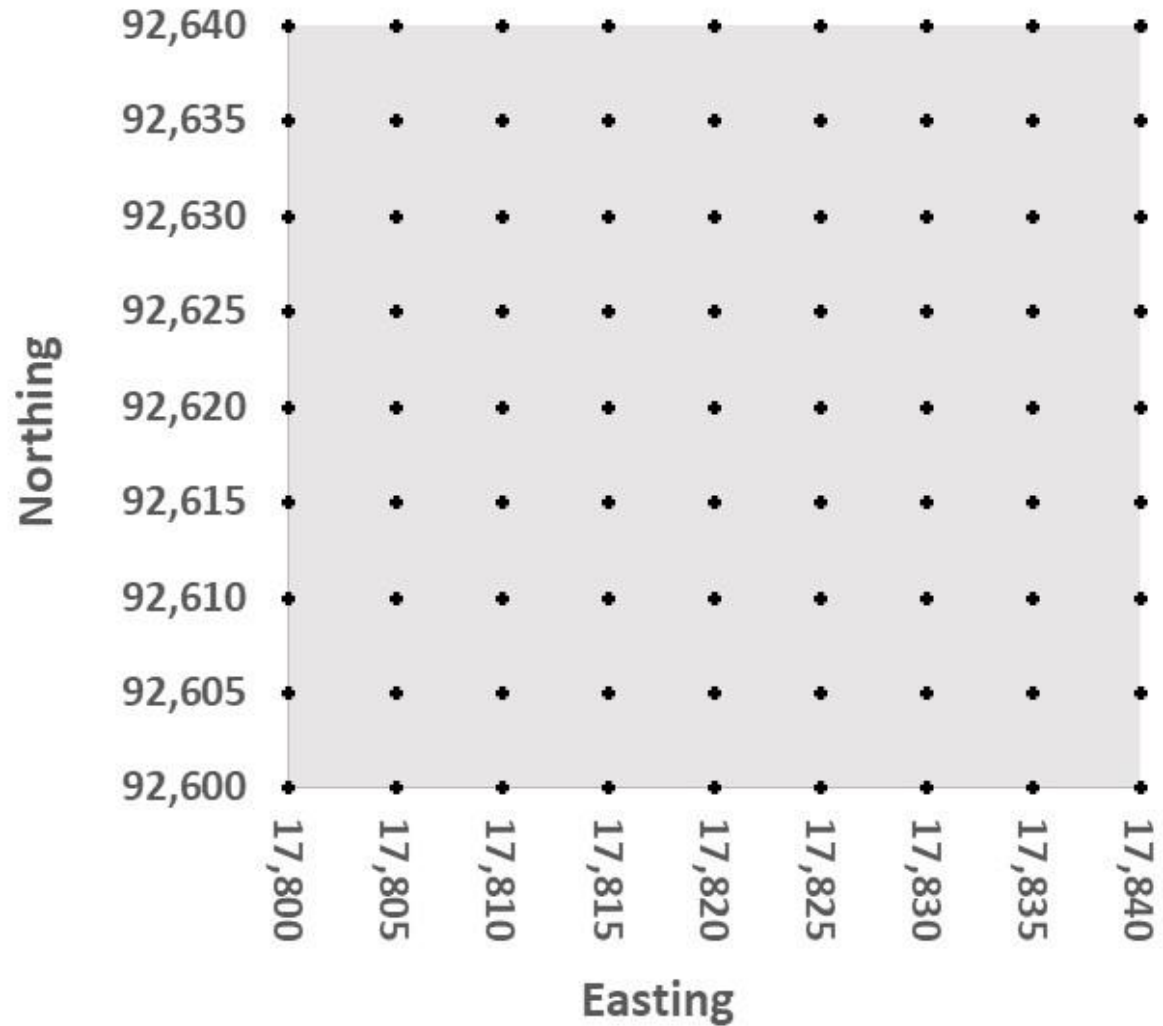


Plan view sliced at 435.25 mRL of Grade Contours, and Simplified Geology from Allibone *et al* (2018).



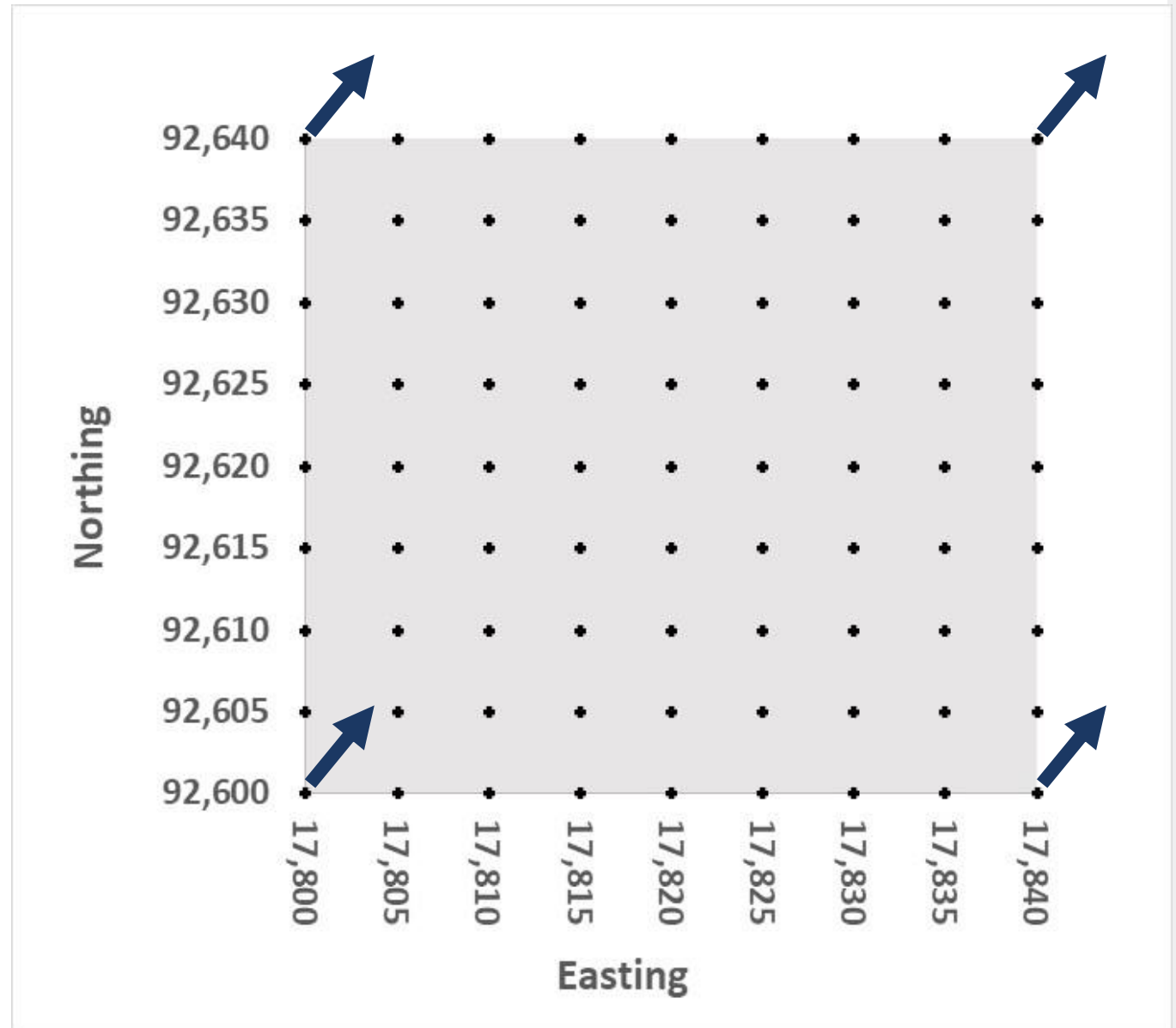
Grade Control

- High resolution RC sample set
- GC sampling ~ 5m x 5m x 1.5m



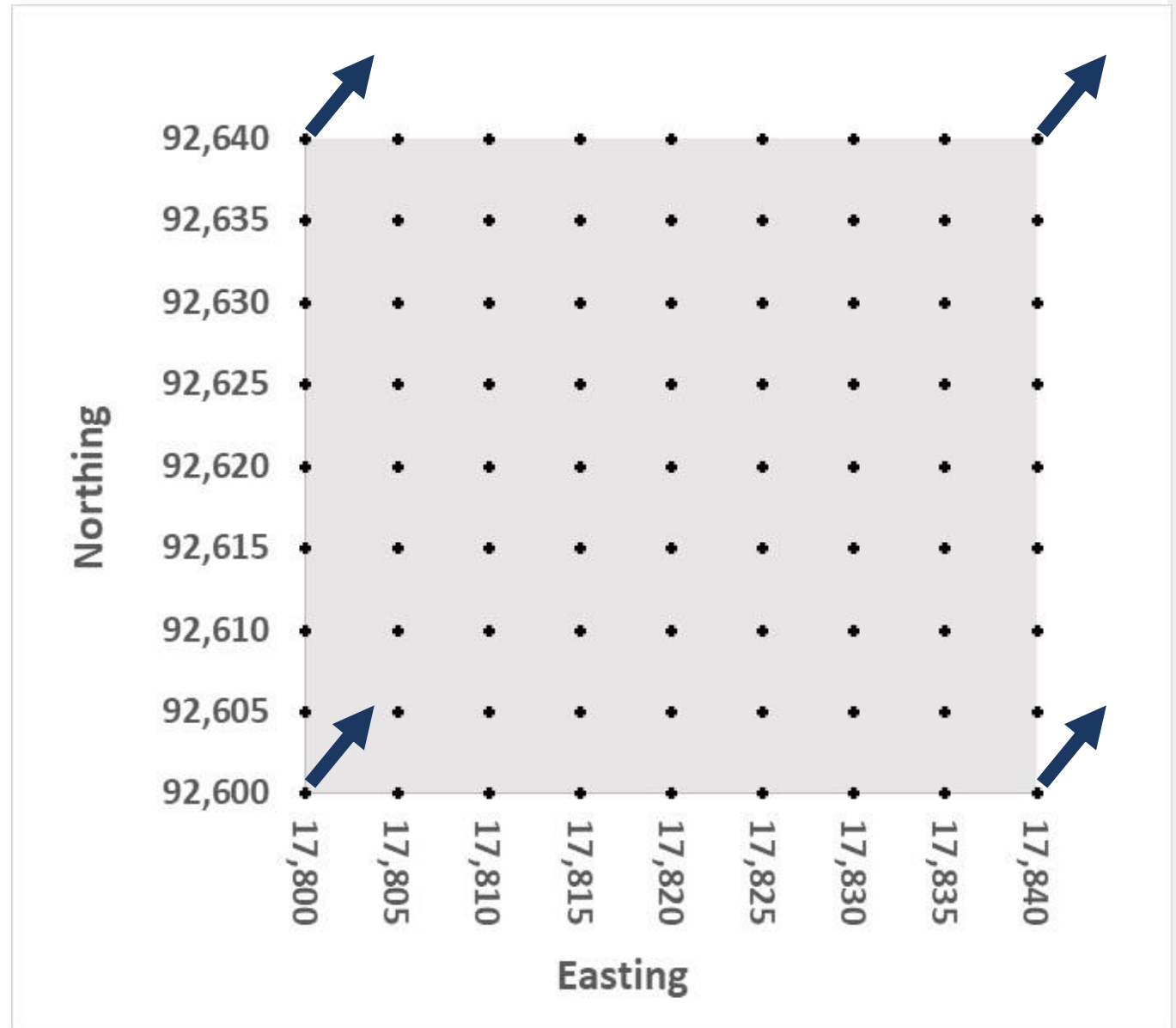
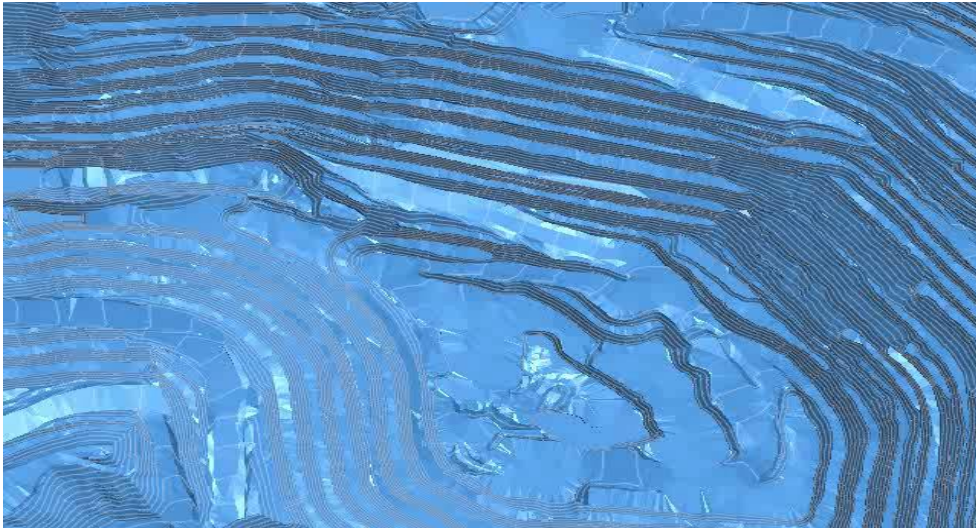
Grade Control

- High resolution RC sample set
- GC sampling ~ 5m x 5m x 1.5m
- Inclined 60 degrees



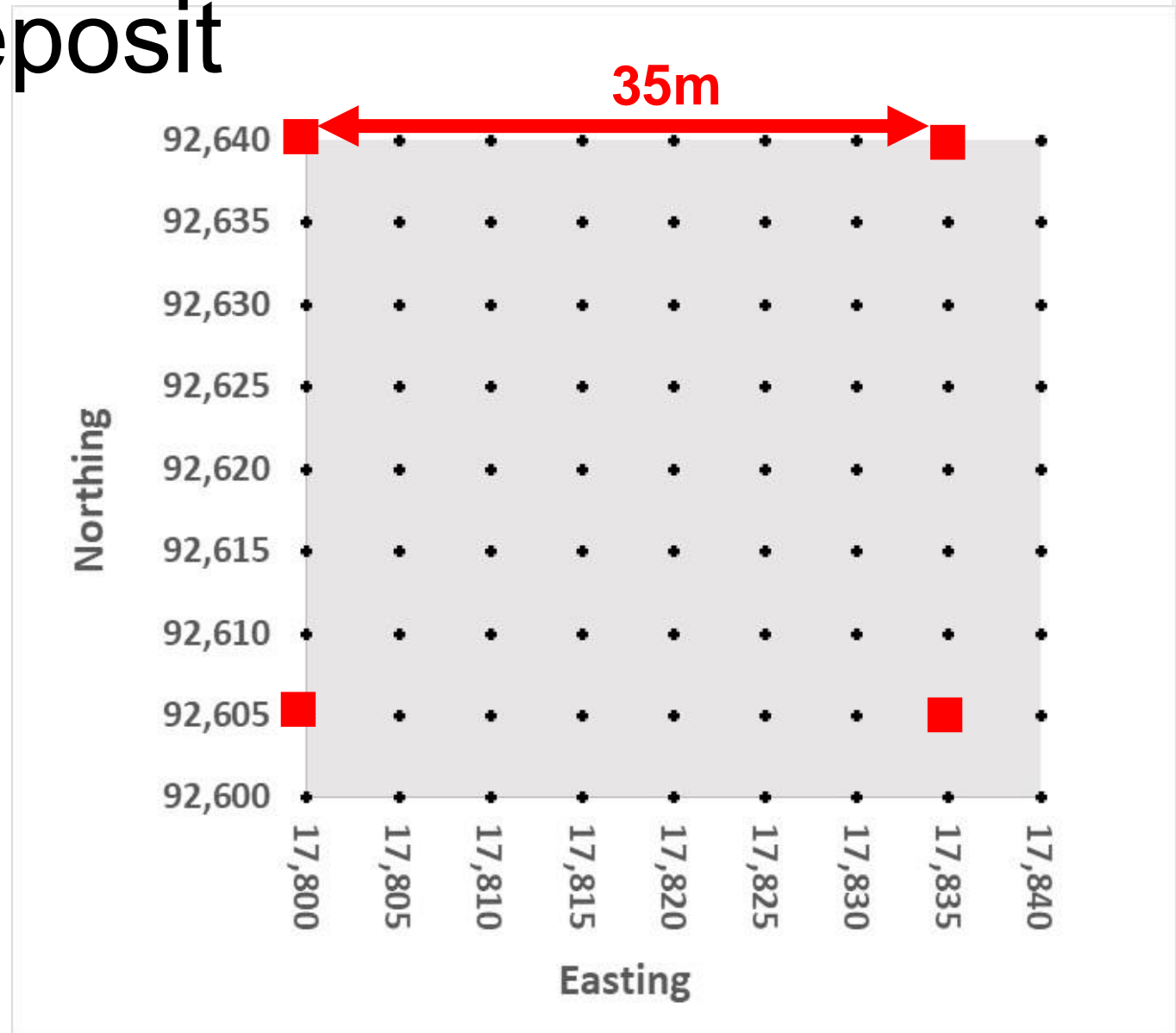
Grade Control

- High resolution RC sample set
- GC sampling ~ 5m x 5m x 1.5m
- Inclined 60 degrees
- 60,000 grade control holes
- 400,000 grade control samples



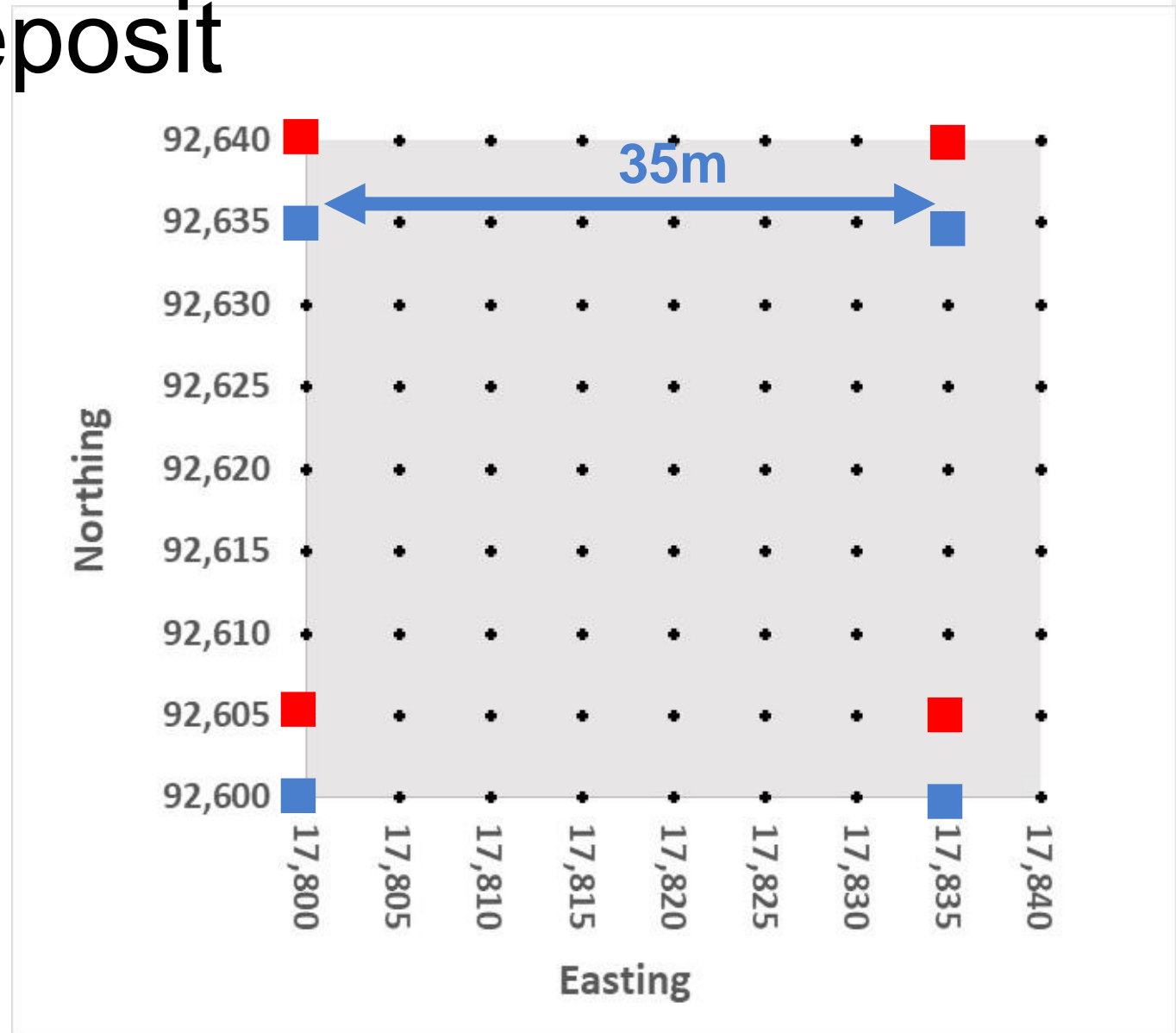
“Redrilling” the Deposit

- Select Grade Control Assays
- 35m x 35m spacing



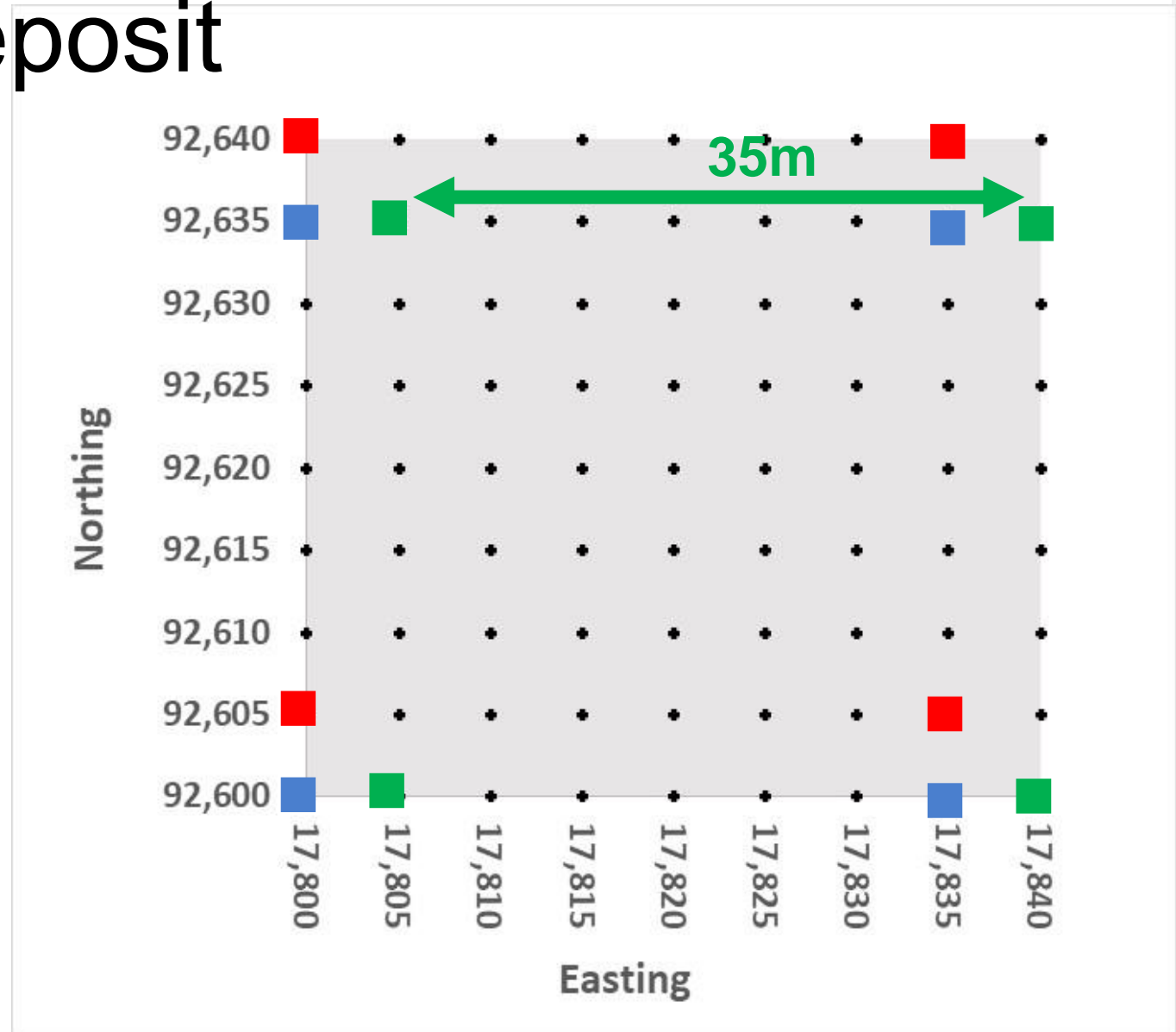
“Redrilling” the Deposit

- Select Grade Control Assays
- 35m x 35m spacing
- Moving point of origin to create multiple drill sets



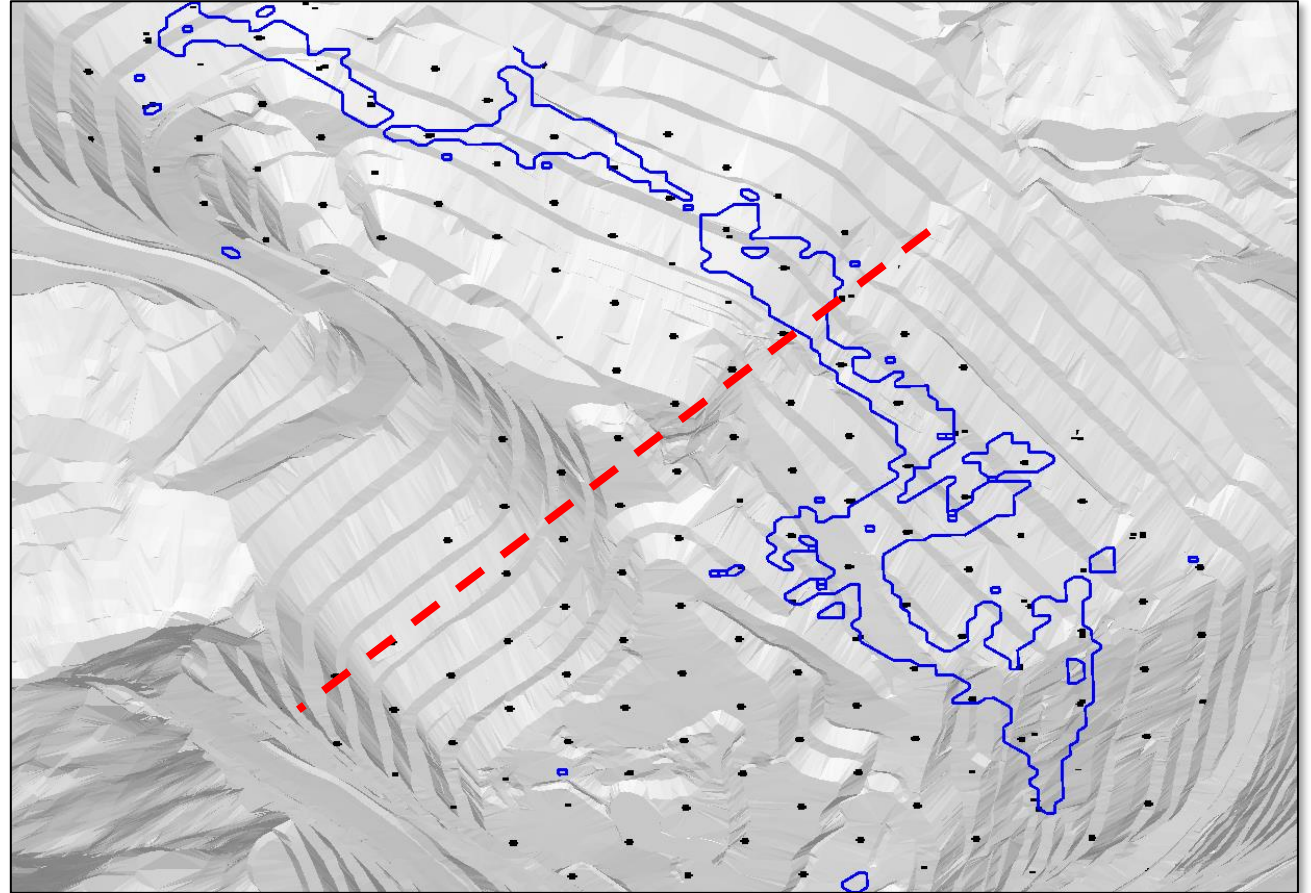
“Redrilling” the Deposit

- Select Grade Control Assays
- 35m x 35m spacing
- Moving point of origin to create multiple drill sets
- Create 49 equiprobable resource drill hole sets
- Generate a separate Resource Estimate using each drill hole set



Resource Estimation

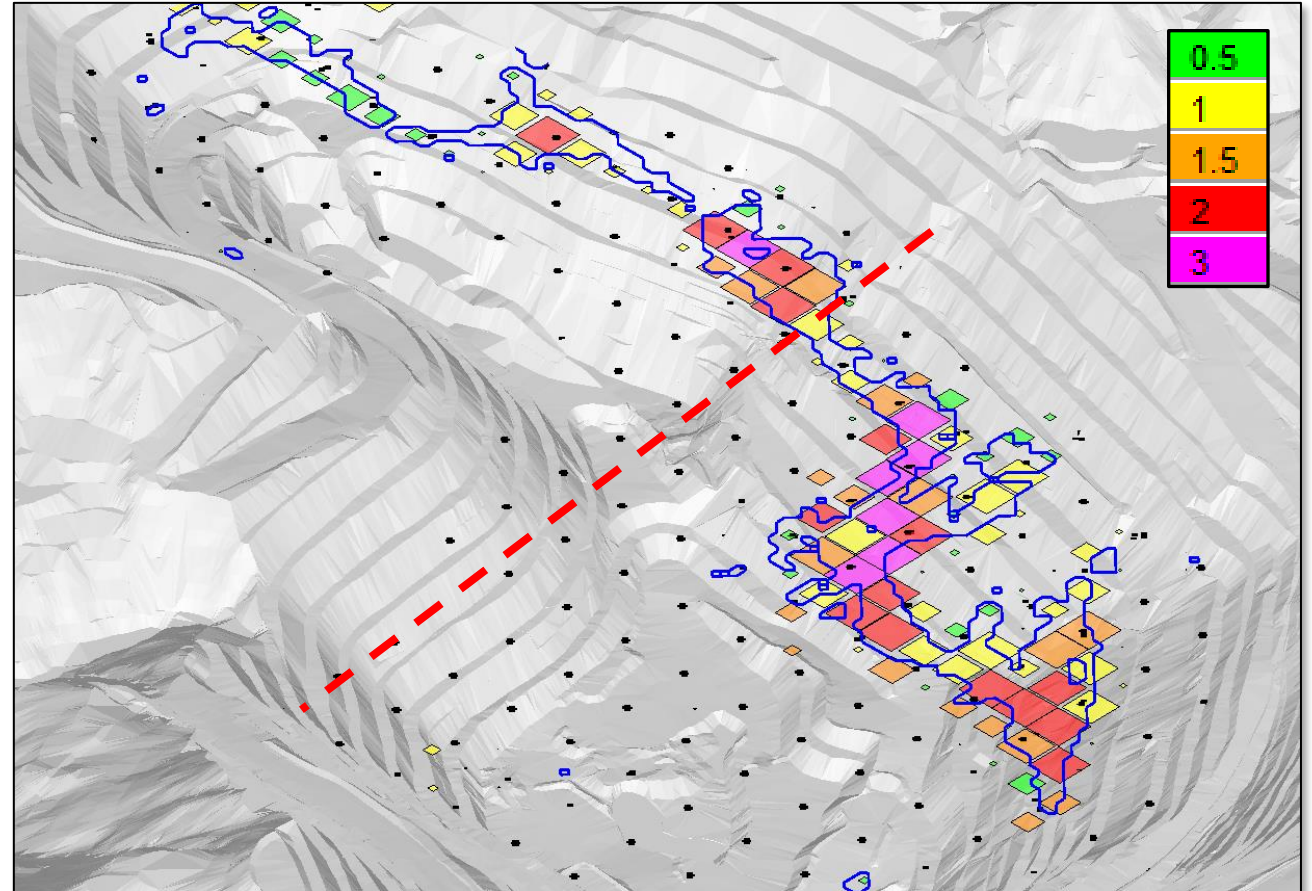
- Multiple Indicator Kriging (MIK) large panel recoverable resource estimation
- Two mineralised domains
- One enveloping background domain
- Modelling parameters kept the same



Example of ore body grade shell (0.5g/t) and one drill set sliced at 417mRL

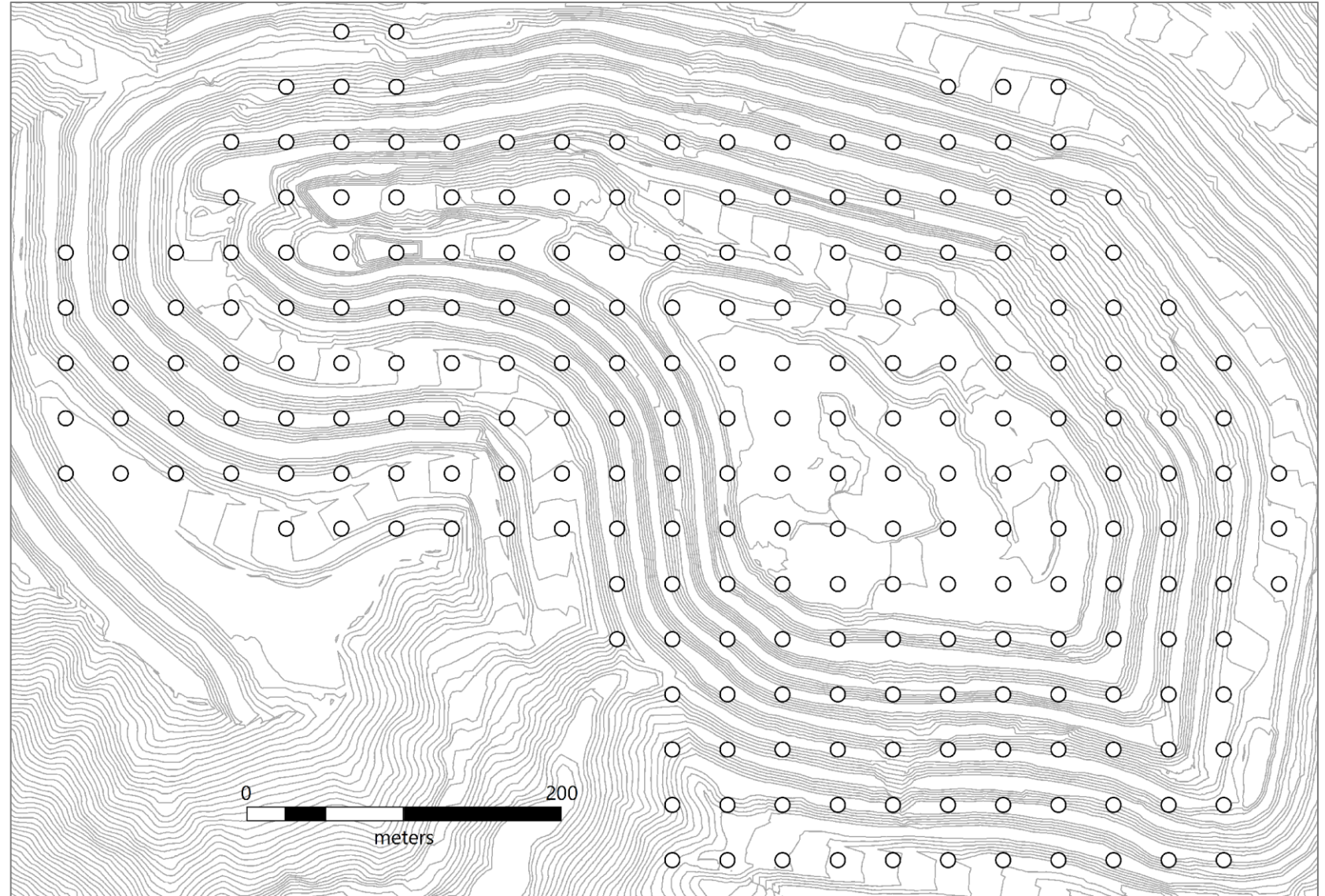
Resource Estimation

- Multiple Indicator Kriging (MIK) large panel recoverable resource estimation
- Two mineralised domains
- One enveloping background domain
- Modelling parameters kept the same
- Only input data and thresholds updated for each estimate
- Panels 20m x 20m x 2.5m

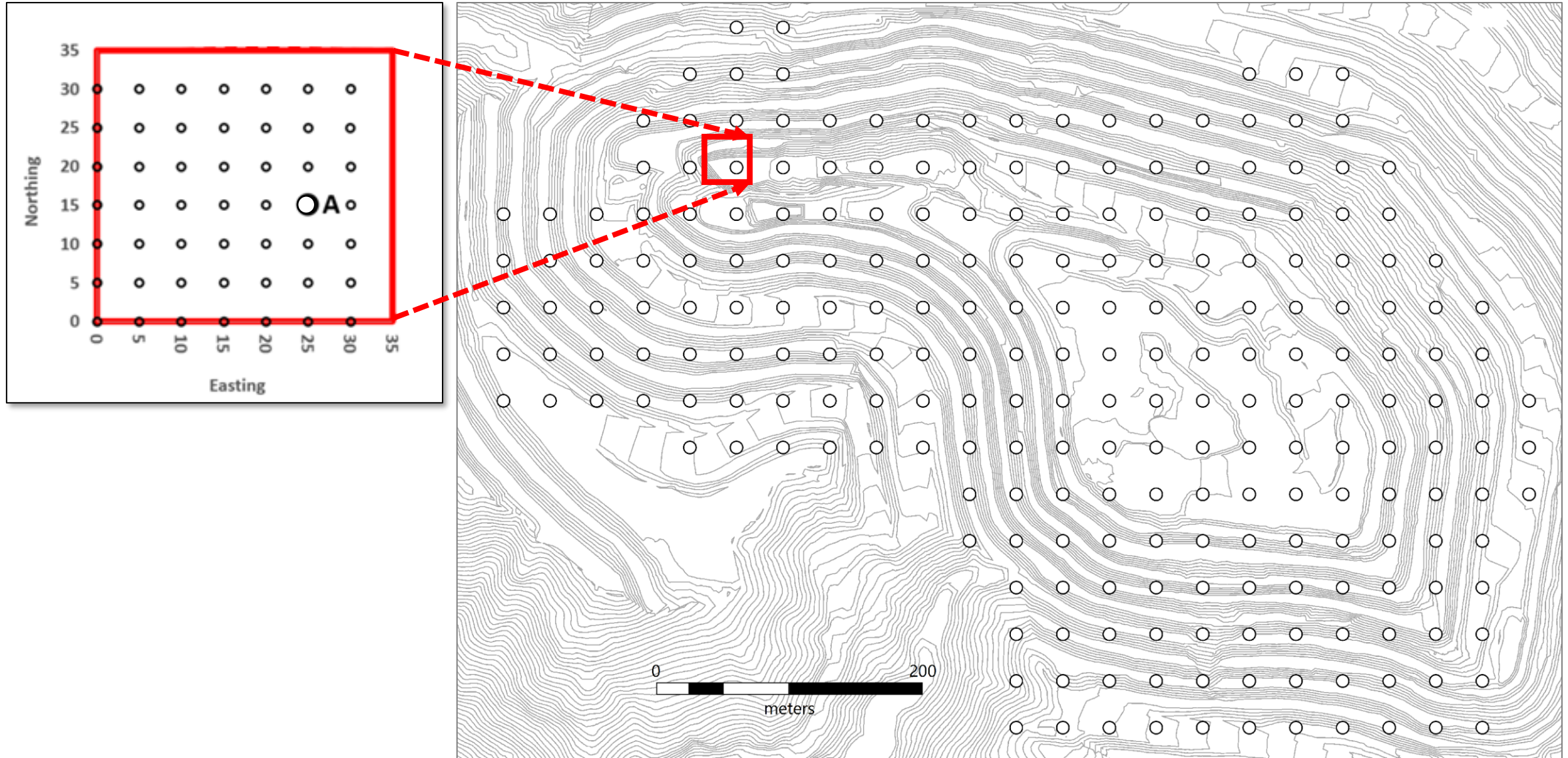


Example of one model sliced at 417mRL

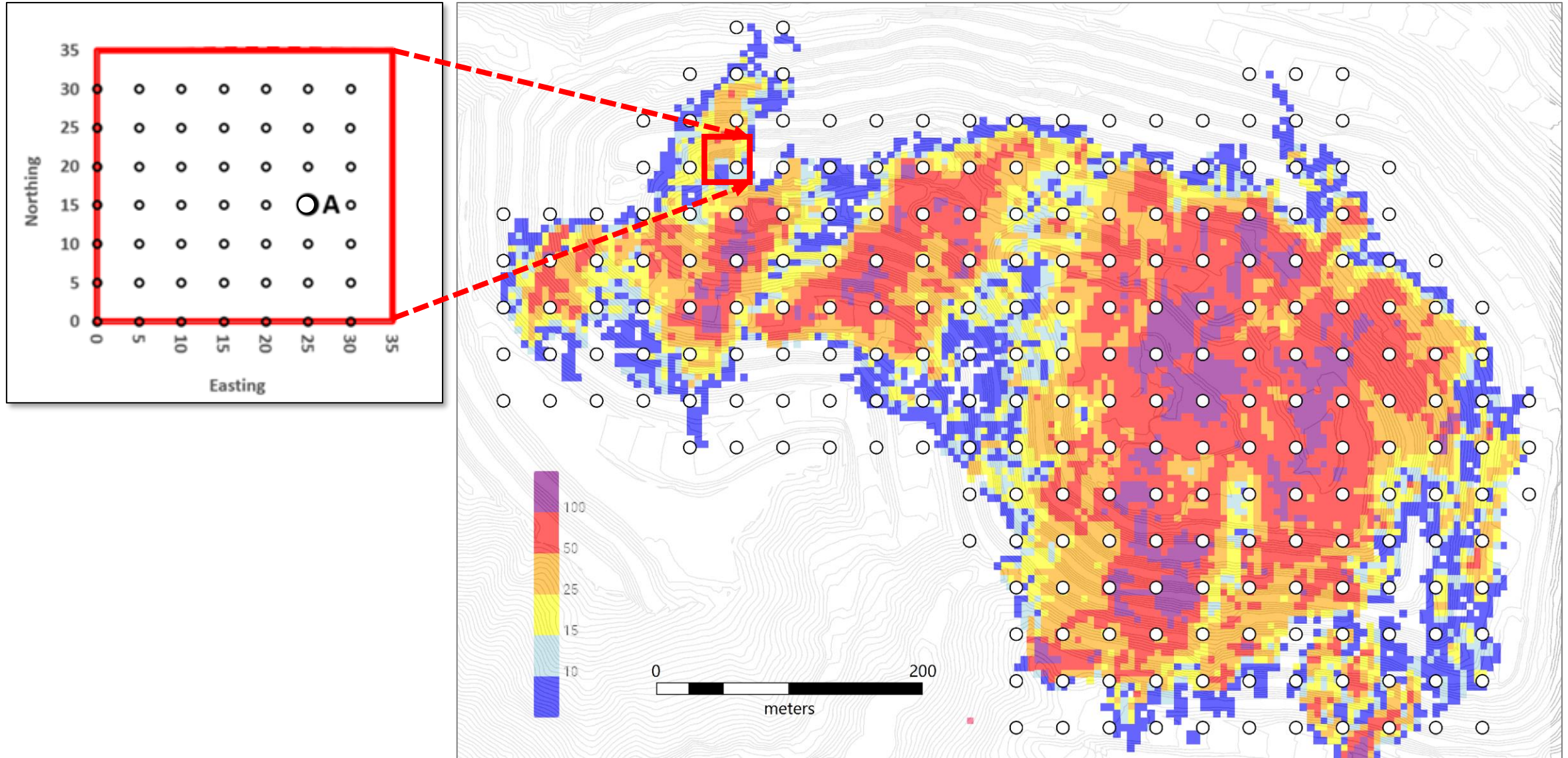
Results – Drill Set A



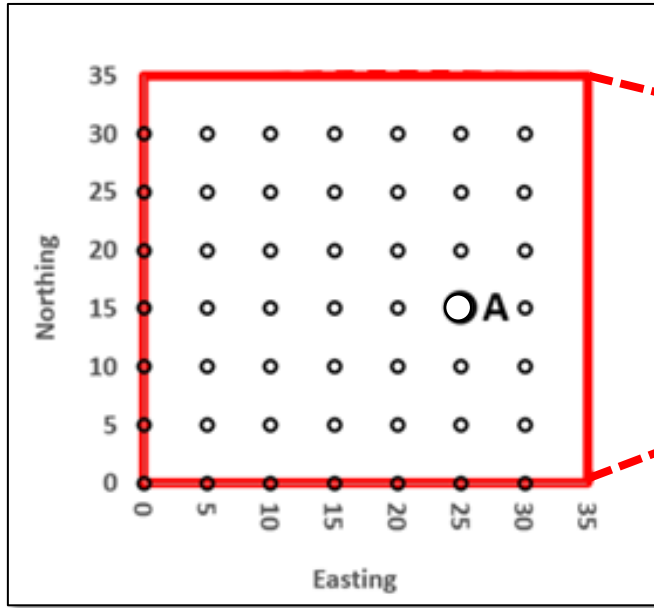
Results – Drill Set A



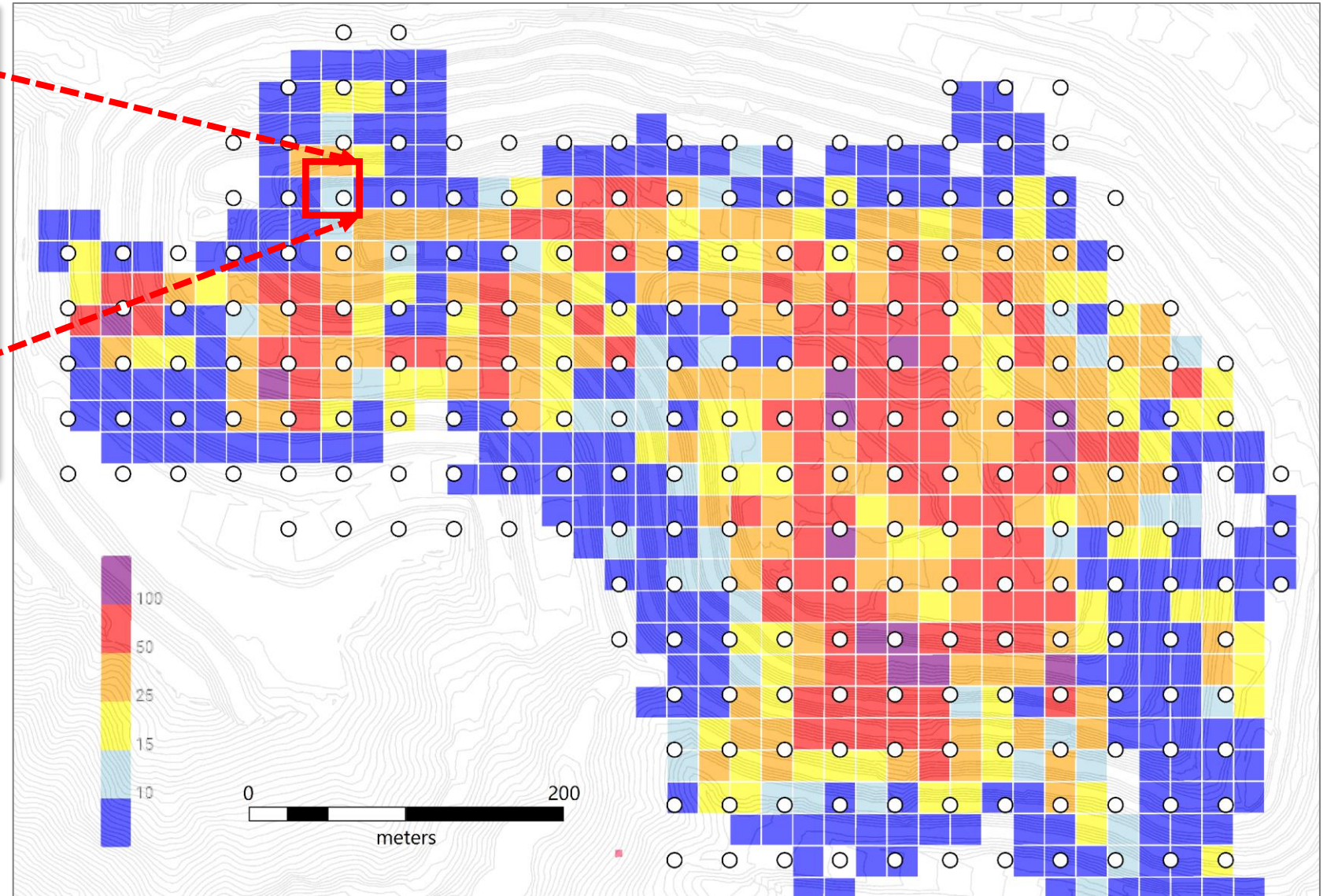
Results – Drill Set A with GC Gram*Metres



Results – Drill Set A with Res Estimate

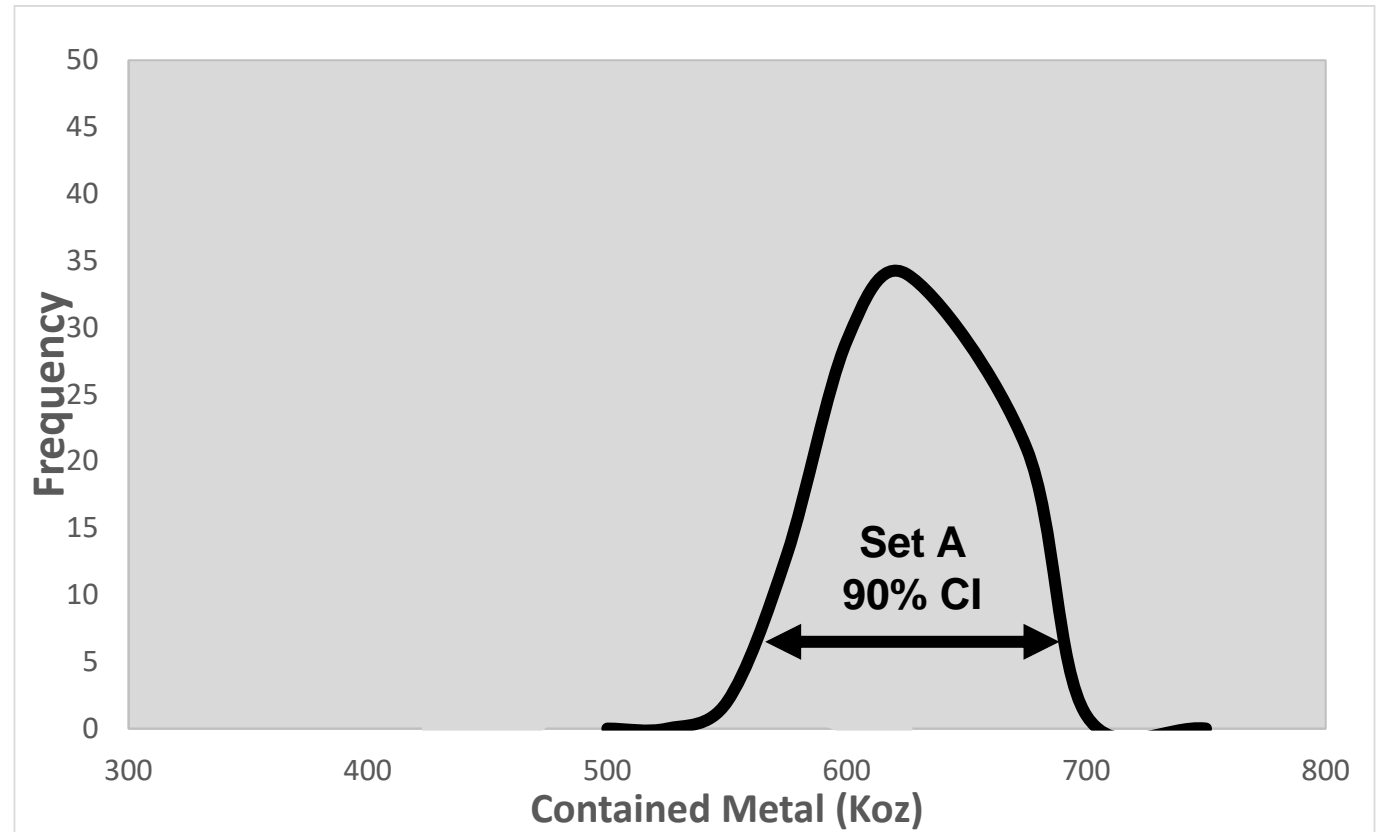


Res Est using Drill Set A:
11 Mt @ 1.8g/t
630 koz



Forward looking analysis

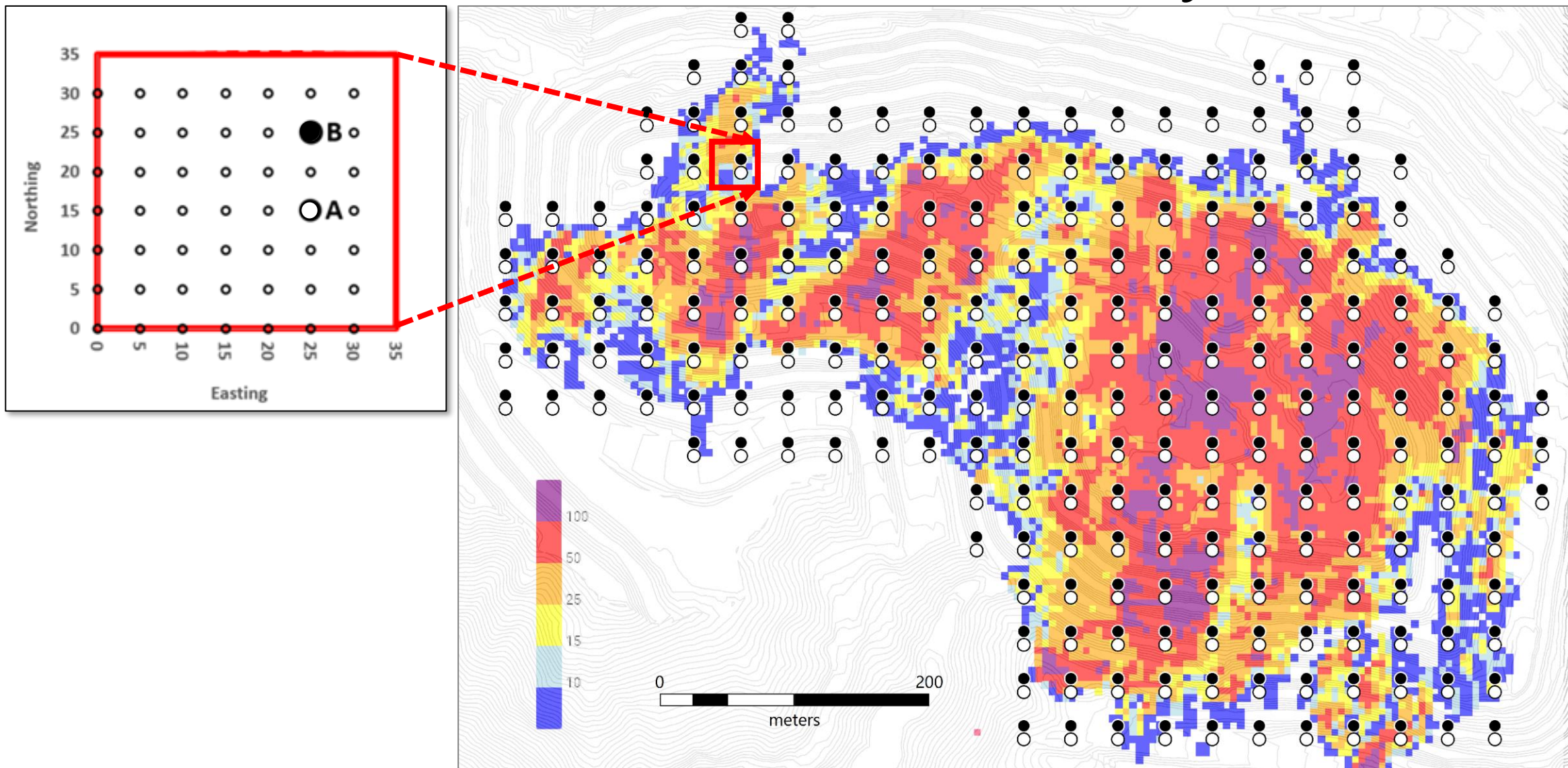
- Forward-looking assessment of uncertainty
- Generated 100 realisations from Drill Set A
- 90% CI of contained metal:
- **Set A: 560 - 652 Koz**



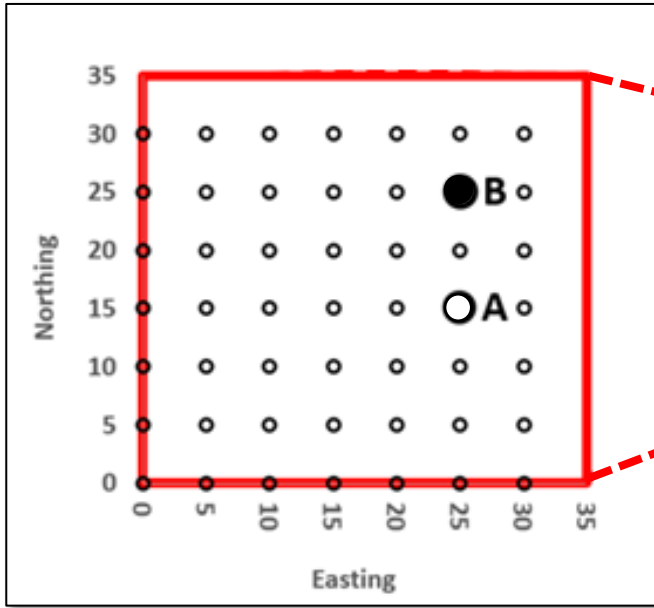
Cond. Sim frequency distribution for drill hole set A



Results – Drill Set B → 10m away

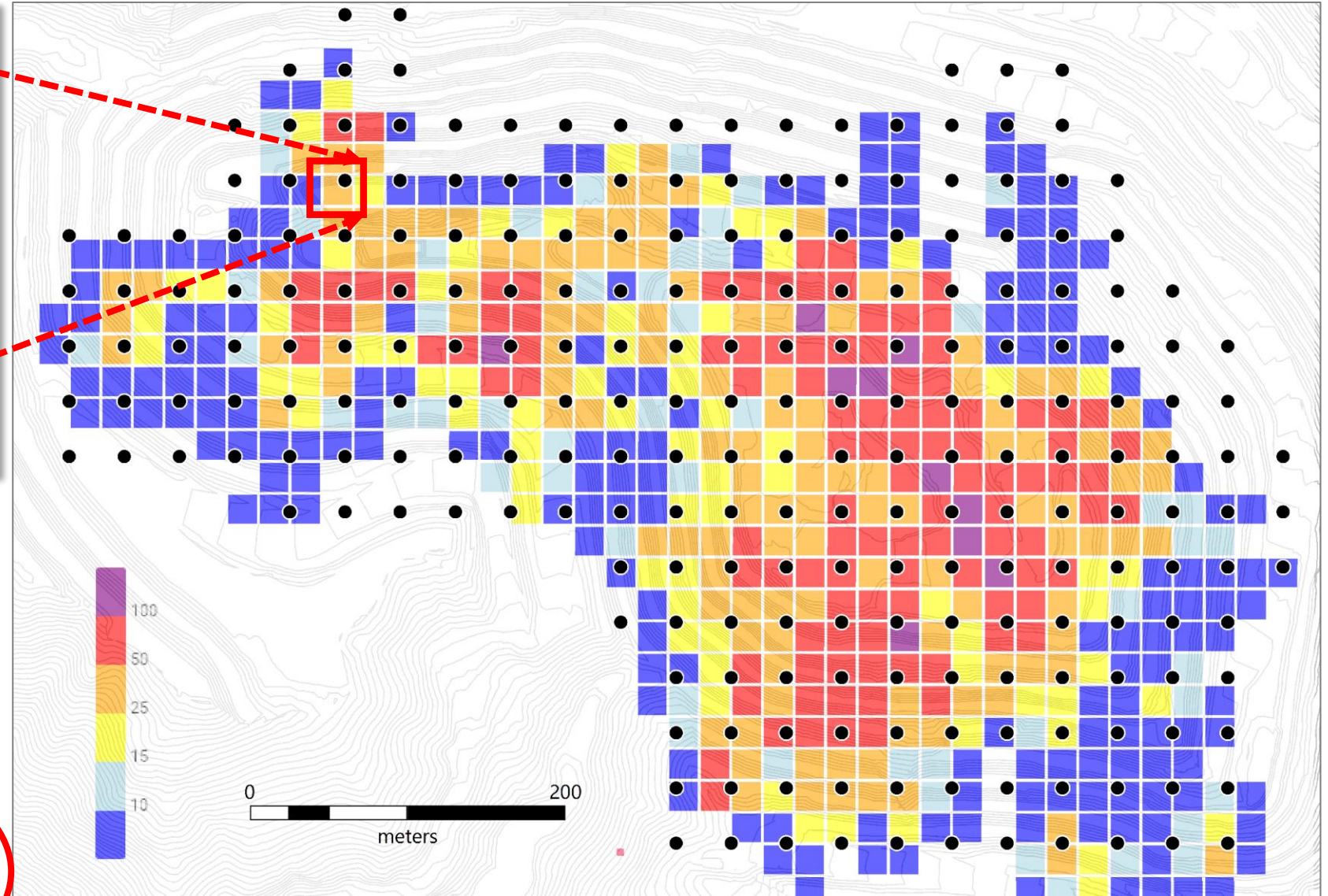


Results – Drill Set B – Res Estimate



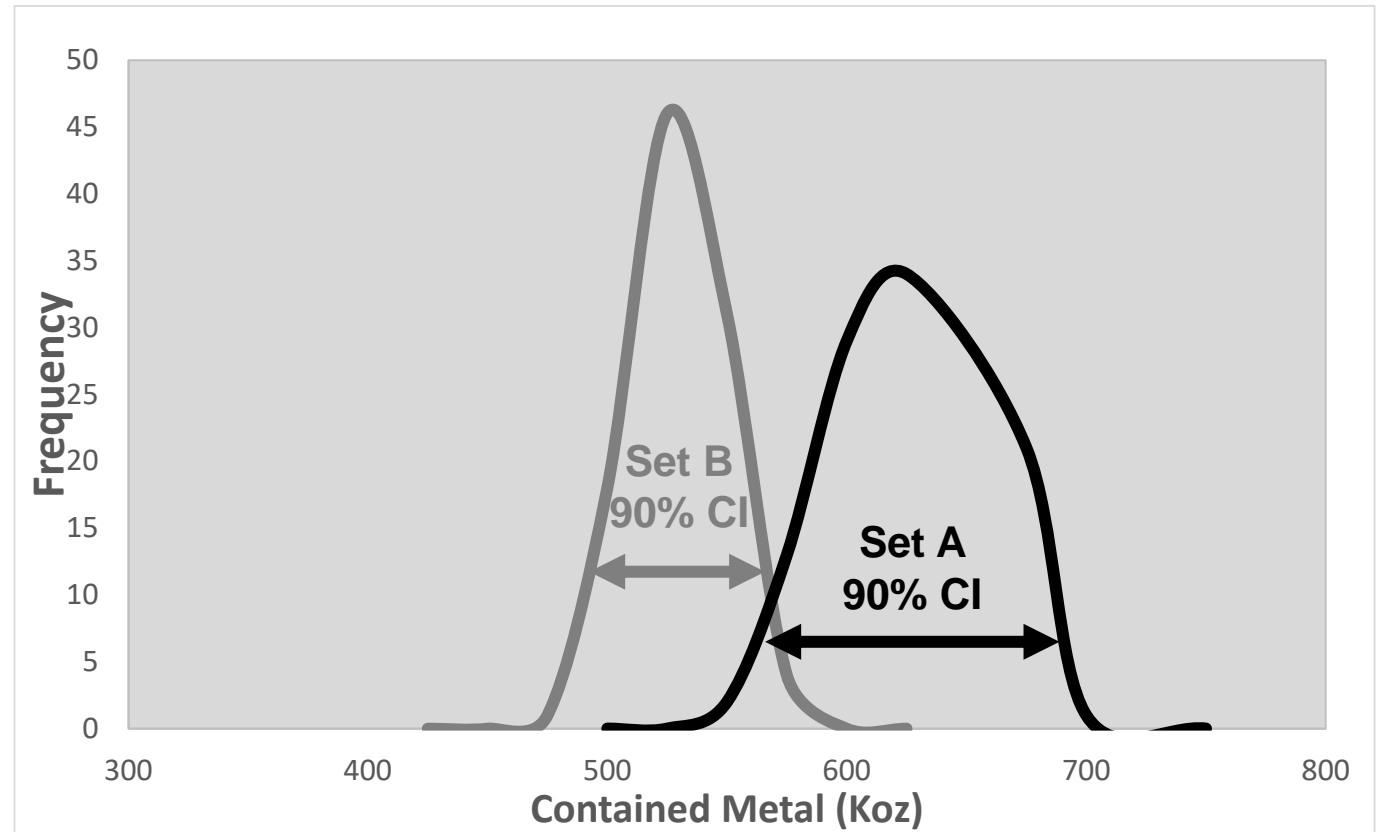
Res Est using Drill Set A:
11 Mt @ 1.8g/t
630 koz

Res Est using Drill Set B:
10 Mt @ 1.6 g/t
509 koz gold



Forward looking analysis

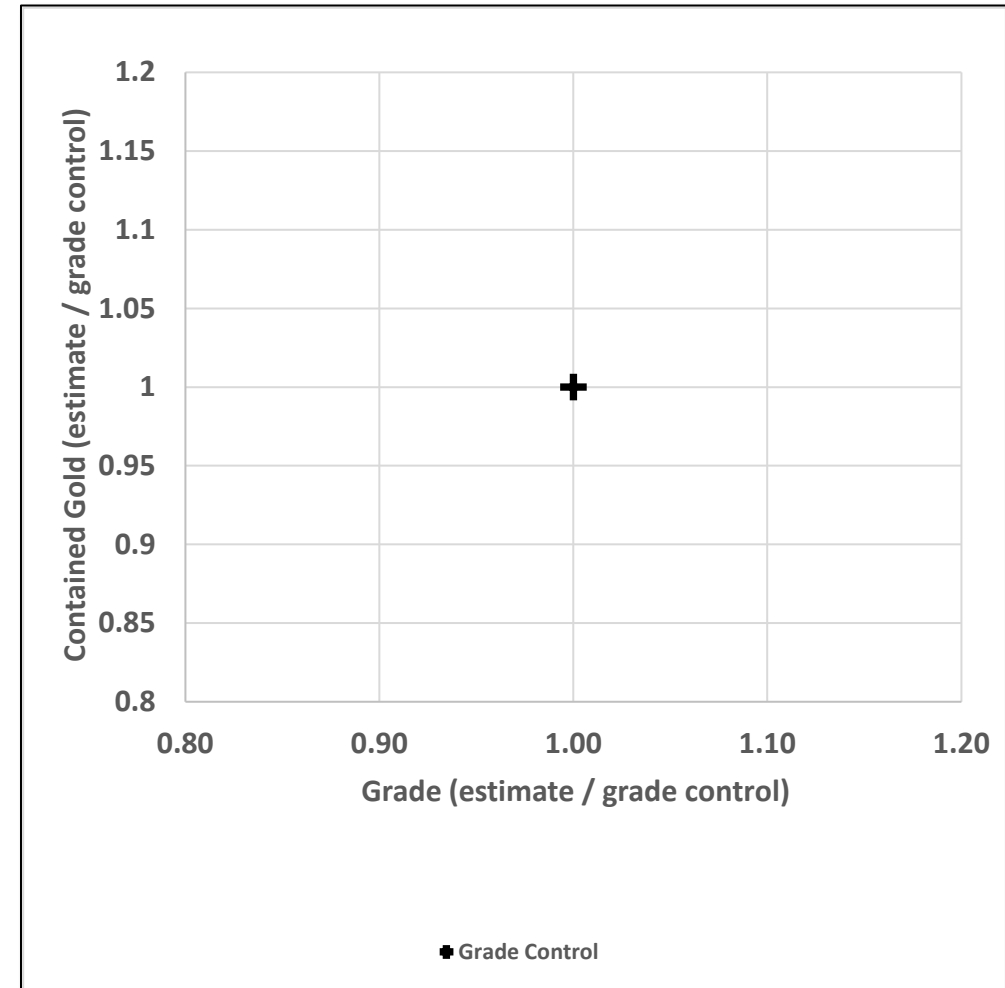
- Forward-looking assessment of uncertainty
- Generated 100 realisations from Drill Set A and B
- 90% CI of contained metal:
- **Set A: 560 - 652 Koz**
- **Set B: 485 – 546 Koz**



Cond. Sim frequency distribution for drill hole set A and set B

Results

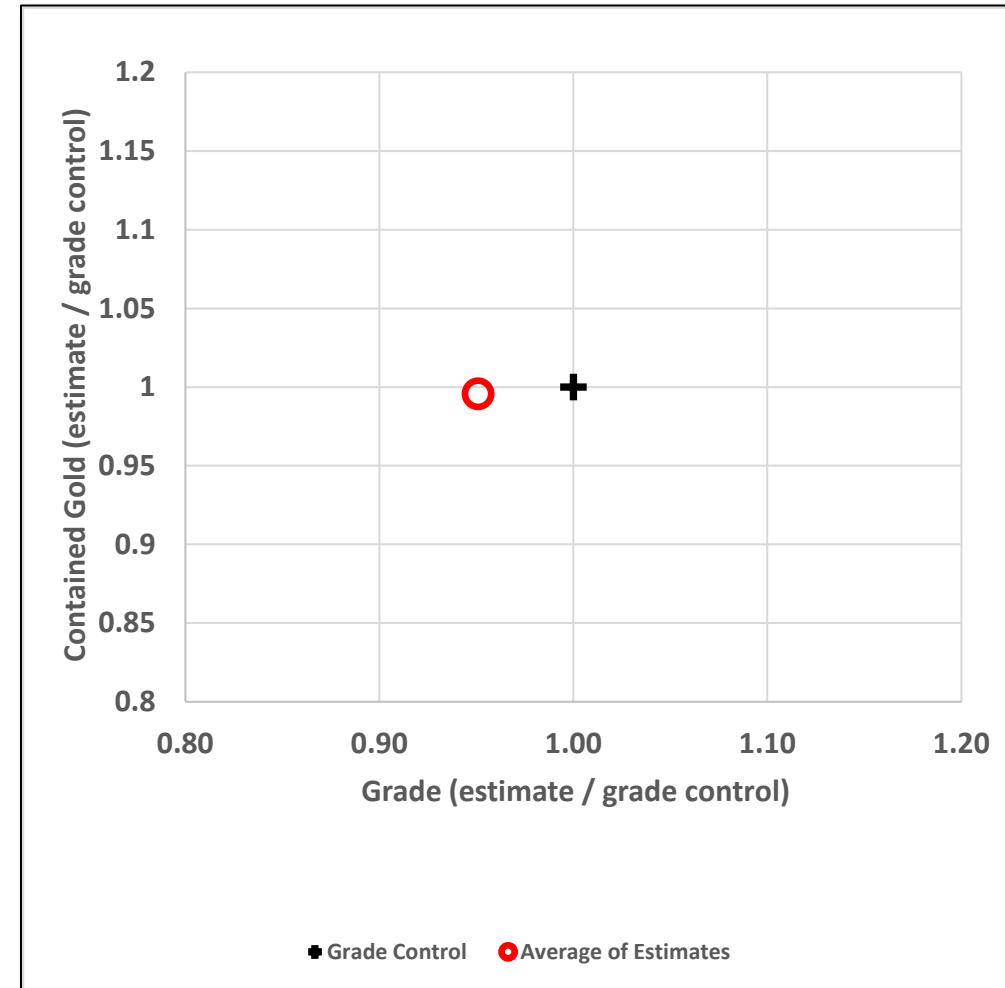
- Grade Control = 1



Results

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- All categories (classes 1, 2 and 3*)
- Normalised as Model / GC ratios
- Mean of estimates close to GC

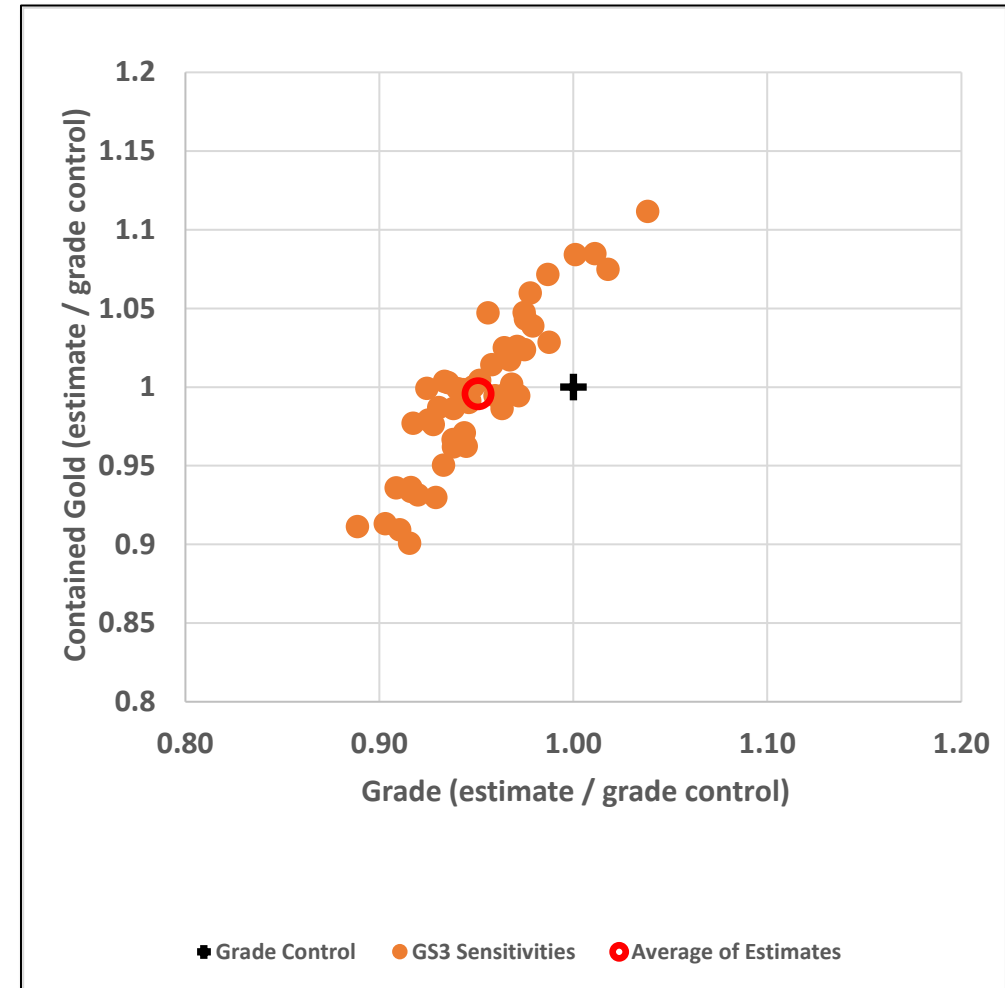
* *approx. Measured, Indicated and Inferred but no RPEEE*



Results

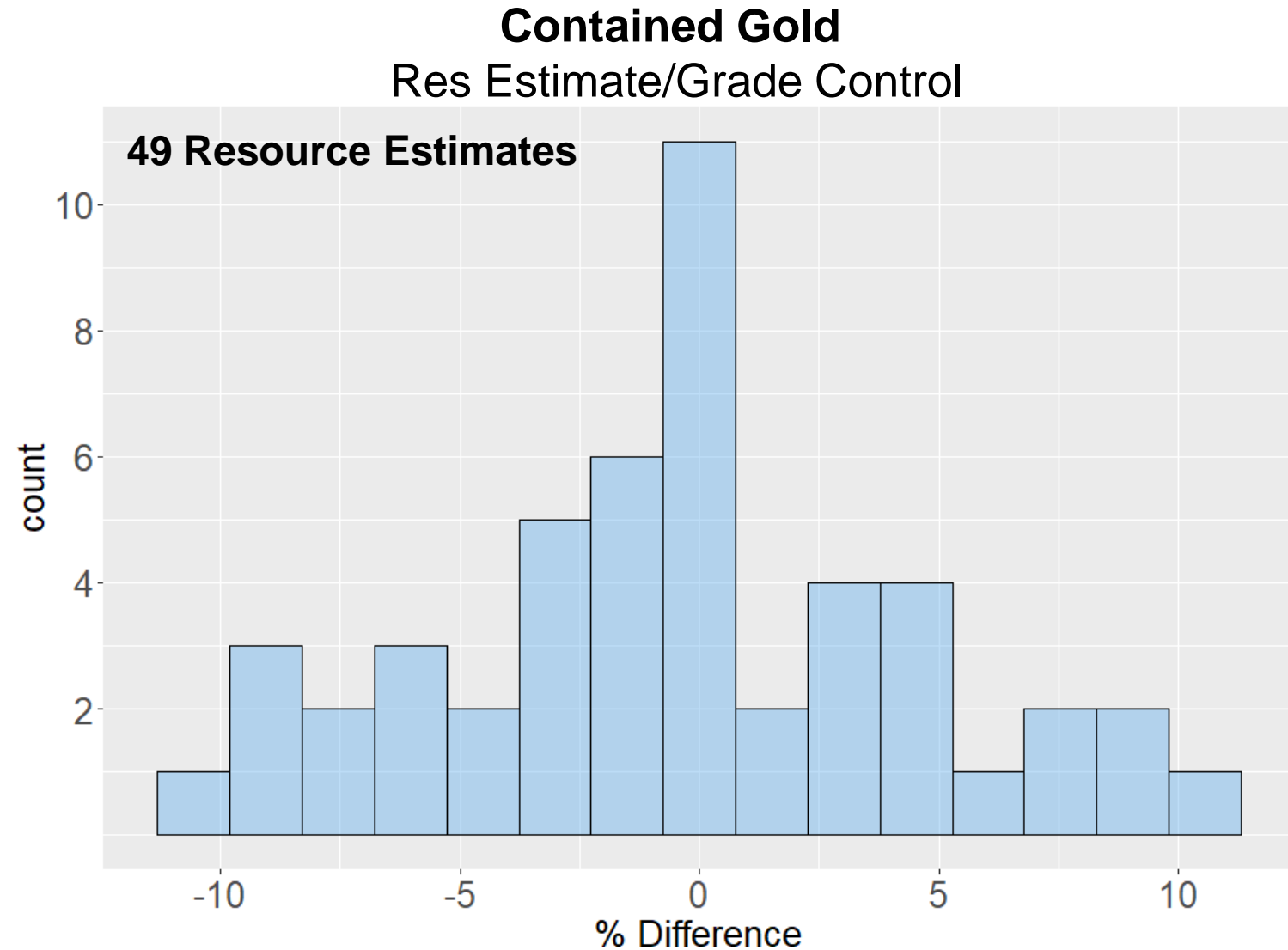
- Grade Control = 1
- All categories (classes 1, 2 and 3*)
- Normalised as Model / GC ratios
- Mean of estimates close to GC
- Large spread of individual estimates (~20%)
- Can only be attributed to input data

* *approx. Measured, Indicated and Inferred but no RPEEE*



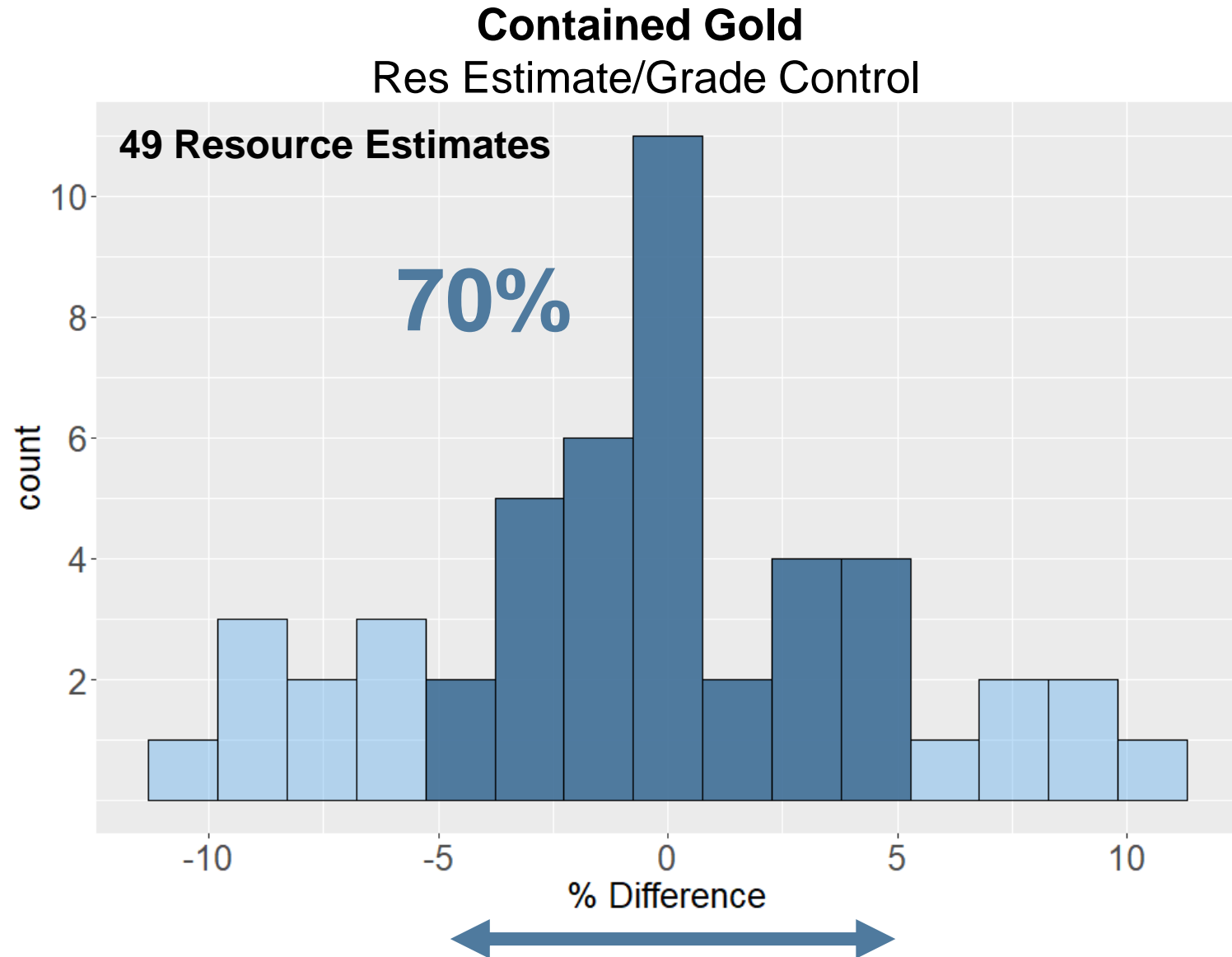
Summary

- Another way to view results: Plotting Resource Est/GC as histogram of % diff



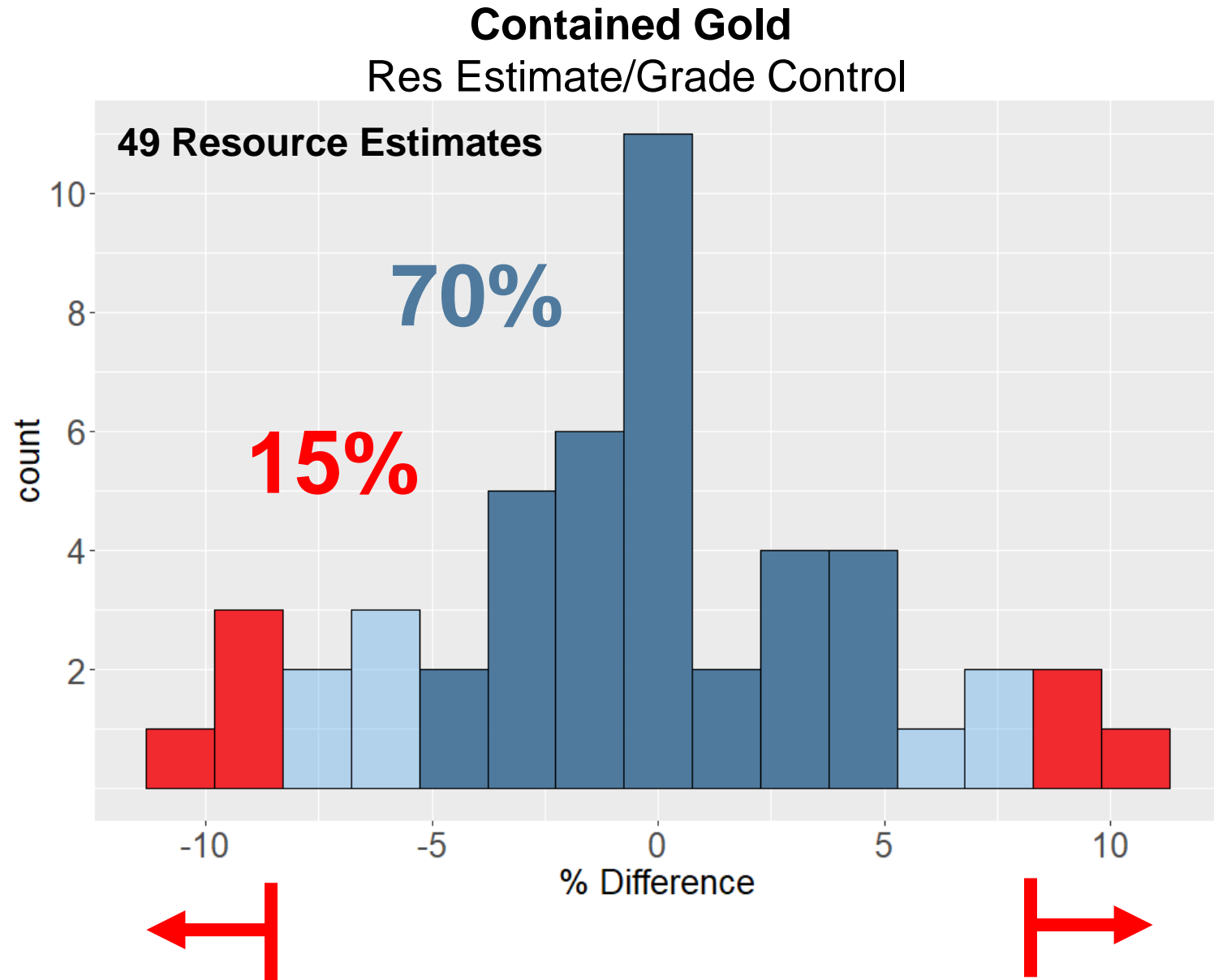
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- 70% of data sets are within 5% of GC
- However estimates based upon 15% (1 in 7) of the data sets differed by $> 7.5\%$



Conclusions

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- Misunderstanding the cause of poor reconciliation can mean ‘fixing’ something that is not broken!

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- Although most estimates may not be adversely affected a not insignificant proportion may not fare so well – “Luck of the draw” in the available data
- **UNKNOWN** prior to mining, and
- **UNKNOWN** during Resource Classification



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